

REVENUE.

No. R. 8430—Ft. 94-15-5, dated 1st March 1916.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare, under the provisions of Section 17 of the Mysore Forest Regulation (XI of 1900), that, from 1st May 1916, the area, the boundaries of which are set forth in the Schedule annexed to this Notification, shall be deemed to be a "State Forest," subject to the exercise of rights specified at foot thereof:—

SCHEDULE.

District	Taluk, hobli and village	Approximate area	Name of block	Situation and boundaries
Kadur	<p>KOPPA.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Asanbahu. 2. Masigi. 3. Kigga. 4. Yedadalli. 5. Balikadi. 6. Kere. 7. Gulgangimane. 8. Muduba. 9. Karakki coffee estate. 	26.16 sq. miles.	Narasimhaparvata.	<p><i>Situation.</i>—The forest of the western ghat range in the Koppa Taluk lying between Koppa-Agumbi road and the river Thunga to the west of the Sringeri Jahgir.</p> <p>BOUNDARIES.</p> <p><i>North.</i>—Starting from the north-west corner of Survey No. 27 of Masigi, the line runs north-east along its north side to its easternmost corner, which is also the trijunction of Balehalli village in the Tirtha-</p>

halli Taluk, and Asanbahu and Masigi village of the Koppa Taluk, then in the same direction along the west side of Survey No. 76 of Asanbahu to the south-west of Survey No. 89 of the same village, then south-east through the said Survey No. 76 for about 53 chains to meet its east side at a point about 14 chains west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 74, then south for 5 chains along the said east side to the northernmost corner of Survey No. 75, then south-east for about 2 chains along its north side to its north-east corner, then south-east through Survey No. 72 of the same village for about 56 chains to the junction of two hallas about 5 chains west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 71, then south through Survey No. 72 for about 25 chains to meet the north side of Survey No. 1 of Masigi at a point about 19 chains east from its north-west corner, then south-east through the same survey number for about 55 chains to the south-west corner of Survey No. 21 of the said village, then north-east along its south side to its south-east corner.

East.—Thence south along the western boundary of the Migga village for about 68 chains (east side of Survey No. 18 of Masigi) to the north-east corner of Survey No. 12 of Masigi, then west along its north side to its north-west corner, then south-west along its west side to its westernmost corner, then south-east along its west side to its south-west corner, then south-west through Survey Nos. 49 and 45 of Kigga for about 60 chains to meet the west side of the latter survey number where a halla crosses it at a point about 18 chains west from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 47, then south-east through Survey No. 45 in a straight line for about 48 chains to a point about 16 chains west from the westernmost corner of Survey No. 52 of Kigga, then in the same direction through the said Survey No. 45 in a straight line for about 42 chains till it meets a ridge at a point about 48 chains south from the south-east corner of Survey No. 52, then south through the same Survey No. 45, for about 106 chains to the south-west corner of Survey No. 38, then south-west along the west side of Survey No. 119 of Yedadalli for about 15 chains till it meets a big halla, then across it, then south through the said Survey No. 119 for about 60 chains to a point on its south side about 5 chains west from the north-east corner of Survey No. 113, then south through Survey No. 106 for about 63 chains to a point on its south side about 16 chains north-west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 103, then in the same direction through Survey No. 99 for about 22 chains till it meets a halla, then south-east through the said Survey No. 99 for about 44 chains meeting its south side at a point about 34 chains east from its south-west corner, then north-east along the said south side for about 68 chains to the south-east corner of Survey No. 88, then south-east along the west side of Survey No. 42 of Yedadalli for about 22 chains to the trijunction bandhs of Sunkadamakki, Yedadalli and Balikadi villages, then south-east along the western boundary of Sunkadamakki to the northernmost corner of Survey No. 1 of Karakki coffee estate, then south-east along its east side to its south-east corner of the bank of the Thunga river, then along the said bank in a south-westerly direction to the south-west corner of the said Survey

No. 1 of the Karakki coffee estate, then north-west through Survey No. 51 of Balikadi in a straight line for about 58 chains to the junction of two hallas at a point about 13 chains north-east from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 52, then almost south-west through the said Survey No. 52 for about 32 chains in a straight line to the northernmost corner of Survey No. 56, then south-west through Survey No. 12 for about 65 chains in a straight line to meet its west side at a point 10 chains east from the easternmost corner of Survey No. 48, then south-west along the said west side for about 29 chains to its south-west corner, then south through Survey No. 21 for about 25 chains meeting its south side at a point about 30 chains west from its south-east corner, then south-east through Survey No. 16 for about 37 chains in a straight line to meet a bend on the left bank of the Thunga river, which is the south-west corner of Survey No. 17, then south-west along the left bank of the Thunga river to the north-east corner of Survey No. 10 of Gulaganjimane, then south-west through the said Survey No. 10 in a straight line for about 60 chains to meet its west side at a point about 5 chains past from a halla which cuts it, then south-west along the said west side to the north-east corner of Survey No. 63 of Kere, then north-west along the east side of Survey No. 64 to its north-east corner, then north-west along the east side of Survey No. 46 to its north-east corner, then along its north side to its north-west corner, then west along the north side of Survey No. 22 for about 32 chains to the botte bandhs located therein at a point about 10 chains south-west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 37, then south-west through the said Survey No. 22 to the northernmost corner of Survey No. 39 of Mudaba, then south along its west side for about 31 chains to a point about 8 chains north from the north-east corner of Survey No. 38 of the said village, then north-west through Survey No. 25 for about 52 chains to the junction of two hallas at a point about 12 chains north from the north-east corner of Survey No. 24, then south-west through the said Survey No. 25 for about 8 chains to meet a halla, the south-west through the said Survey No. 25 for about 60 chains till it meets a big halla at a point about 5 chains north-west from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 27, then south-west through the said Survey No. 25 for about 31 chains to its westernmost corner, then south-east along its west side to its southernmost corner, then south-east through Survey No. 12 of Mudaba for about 75 chains to the north-east corner of Survey No. 40 which is about 40 chains south from the south-west corner of Survey No. 14, then along its east side to its south-east corner, where two bandhs are located, then east for about 4 chains through Survey No. 12 to a point about 13 chains north-west from the north-east corner of Survey No. 46.

South.—Thence south-west in a straight line through Survey Nos. 12 and 46 of Mudaba for about 57 chains till it meets the South Canara boundary, then along the said boundary to the south-west corner of Survey No. 45 of Mudaba.

West.—Thence along the South Canara boundary to the south-west corner of Survey No. 9 of Masigi, then along the Tirthahalli Taluk boundary to the starting point.

Remarks A.—The following rights of way are admitted in the block throughout the year:—

(1) Foot-path from Suntiakkalu to Tharavalli *via* Kolagi, 6 feet wide and about 44 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its northern boundary at a point about 2 chains south-east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 75 of Asanbalu, runs south-west and south-east through Survey Nos. 72 and 76 of the same village and Survey No. 7 of Masigi and reaches the Tharavalli enclosure.

(2) Foot-path from Kolagi to Masigi, 6 feet wide and about 29 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its northern boundary at a point about 5 chains west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 71 of Asanbalu, runs south-west through Survey No. 72 of the said village and Survey No. 7 of Masigi and reaches the enclosure (Tharavalli).

(3) Foot-path from Balagodu Kodigi to Thalavanti Kodigi, 6 feet wide and about 55 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its northern boundary at a point about 11 chains south-east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 19 of Masigi, runs south-west through Survey No. 18 and quits the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 13 chains north-west from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 16 of the said Masigi village.

(4) Foot-path branching from the above and leading to Hagarudi, 6 feet wide and about 25 chains long, open for men and cattle. It branches at a point about 12 chains south-east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 19 of Masigi, runs north-east through Survey No. 18 and quits the forest in its eastern boundary at the south-east corner of Survey No. 21 of Masigi.

(5) Foot-path branching from foot-path No. 3 *supra* and leading to Migga, 6 feet wide and about 25 chains long, open for men and cattle. It branches at a point about 32 chains north-west from south-east corner of Survey No. 18 of Masigi, runs north-east through the said Survey No. 18 and quits the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 30 chains north from the south-east corner of Survey No. 18.

(6) Foot-path from Magodu (hamlet of Kigga) to Narasimhaparvata, 6 feet wide and about 75 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 16 chains west from the westernmost corner of Survey No. 52 of Kigga, goes south-west through Survey Nos. 45, 44 and 201 of the same village and reaches Narasimhaparvata which is treated as an enclosure.

(7) Foot-path from Kigga to Narasimhaparvata, 6 feet wide and about 79 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 40 chains south from the south-west corner of Survey No. 52 of Kigga, runs south-west through Survey Nos. 45 and 44 of the said village and reaches Narasimhaparvata, treated as an enclosure.

(8) Foot-path from Kithlemane Kodagi to Narasimhaparvata, 6 feet wide and about 77 chains long, open for men and cattle. It begins in the Kithlemane enclosure at a point about 7 chains north from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 43, runs north-west through Survey Nos. 40 and 44 and reaches the enclosure.

(9) Foot-path from Yedadalli to Balikadi, 6 feet wide and about 71 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 15 chains south-west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 197 of Yedadalli, runs south-west through Survey Nos. 106 and 99 and reaches the Dyavantu enclosure.

(10) Cart-track from Kere to Sunkadamakki, 15 feet wide and about 169 chains long, open for men and cattle and carts. It enters the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 12 chains north-west from the southernmost corner of Survey No. 43 of Kere, runs north-west through Survey No. 40 of the same village, and reaches the enclosure (Ajarath), and again it begins in the said enclosure at a point about 7 chains north-east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 41, runs north-east through Survey No. 43 of Kere and Survey Nos. 21, 27 and 39 of Balikadi and quits the forest in its eastern boundary at a point 10 chains north-west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 20 and again it enters the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 15 chains south-east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 50, runs north-east through Survey No. 51 of Balidadi and Survey No. 1 of Karakki coffee estate, and quits the forest at the south-east corner of the latter survey number.

(11) Foot-path from Balikadi to Vadamarke enclosure, 6 feet wide and about 33 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 22 chains north-west from the north-east corner of Survey No. 20 of Balikadi, runs north-west through Survey Nos. 39 and 48 (enclosure) and reaches the Vadamarke enclosure.

(12) Foot-path from Vadamarke enclosure to Karacharu enclosure, 6 feet wide and about 80 chains long, open for men and cattle. It begins in the Vadamarke enclosure at a point about 5 chains south from the south-west corner of Survey No. 32, runs south-west, west and south and again south-west through Survey No. 27 of Balikadi and Survey No. 40 of Kere and reaches the Karacharu enclosure.

(13) Foot-path from Gulagangimane to Balikadi, 6 feet wide and about 62 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 20 chains south-west from the southernmost corner of Survey No. 16 of Balikadi, goes north-east through Survey No. 10 of Gulagangimane and Survey No. 16 of Balikadi and quits the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 20 chains south-west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 18.

(14) Foot-path from Mensinkodagi (hamlet of Kere) to Karacharu enclosure and on to South Canara, 6 feet wide and about 100 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 14 chains north-west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 46 of Kere, runs across the demarcation line and reaches the Karacharu enclosure and again it begins in the said enclosure at a point about 12 chains north-west from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 37 of Kere, runs north-west and north through Survey Nos. 33 and 34 of the same village and quits the forest in its western boundary.

(15) Foot-path from Halamakki to Karacharu enclosure, 6 feet wide and about a chain long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 5 chains north-west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 47 of Kere, and reaches the enclosure crossing the demarcation line.

(15a) Foot-path from Yedadalli to Balikadi, 6 feet wide and about 27 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 30 chains south from the southernmost corner of Survey No. 100 of Yedadalli, runs south through Survey No. 51 of Balikadi and quits the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 14 chains north-west from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 52 of Balikadi.

(16) Foot-path from Halamakki to Ajarath, 6 feet wide and about 26 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about a

chain north-west from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 64 of Kere, runs east through Survey No. 40 to the enclosure.

(17) Foot-path from Heggan to South Canara, 6 feet wide and about 33 chains long, open for men and cattle. It begins in the Heggan enclosure at a point about 15 chains north from the south-west corner of Survey No. 40 of Mudaba, runs south-west through Survey No. 12 and quits the forest in its southern boundary.

(18) Foot-path from Heggan to Mandasara and from there to South Canara, 6 feet wide and about 186 chains long, open for men and cattle. It begins in the Heggan enclosure at a point about 16 chains south-east from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 40 of Mudaba and reaches Mandasara, then again it enters the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 28 chains south-west from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 27 of the same village, runs north-west through Survey Nos. 30, 31 and 44 and quits the forest in its western boundary.

B. The following concessions are admitted in the Block:—

(i) Survey Nos. 75, 120, 121, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81 and 82 of Asanbalu are clubbed together and treated as an enclosure with the margin of 5 chains all round.

(ii) The hamlet of Tharavalli and Hattimadike in the Masigi village are formed into an enclosure with the following boundary:—

Starting from a point about 5 chains north-west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 6 of Masigi, the line runs due east for about 70 chains to a point about 8 chains north-east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 4, then south for about 73 chains to a point on the north side of Survey No. 11 about 27 chains east from the southernmost corner of Survey No. 7, then west along the north side of Survey No. 11 to its north-west corner, then north-west for about 59 chains through Survey No. 9 to a point about 5 chains west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 8, then north for about 27 chains through Survey Nos. 9 and 7 to the starting point.

(iii) The hamlet of Kithlemanekodagi and its cultivated lands are clubbed together and treated as an enclosure with the following boundary:—

Starting from a point about 16 chains north from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 42, the line runs south-east for about 50 chains to the junction of two hallas, then west for about 44 chains to the junction of two hallas again, then north-west for about 44 chains to the junction of two hallas, and then north-east for about 40 chains to the starting point.

(iv) The premises where the idol of Narasimhadevaru on the hill of that name stands are treated as an enclosure having the following boundary:—

Starting from the southernmost corner of Survey No. 201, the line runs north-east for about 35 chains to a point on the halla about 6 chains from a pond on the hill, then north-west for about 38 chains meeting the pahani stone put up at the western bend of Survey No. 201 and the bandhs on the South Canara frontier.

(vii) The raiyats of Kigga are permitted to put up sheds in Survey No. 44 (gomal) for cattle when they stop there for grazing.

(viii) Survey Nos. 22, 23 and 48 of Balikadi are treated as enclosures in the block with a margin of 5 chains around Survey Nos. 22 and 23.

(ix) The hamlets of Dyavantu, Vadamakarkke and Koogatamane are clubbed together and treated as an enclosure with the following boundary:—

Starting from the south-east corner of Survey No. 38, the line runs south for about 74 chains till it meets the halla, then south for about 50 chains to a point about 5 chains east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 25, then south-west for about 30 chains to a point about 7 chains east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 28, then west for about 26 chains to a point about 5 chains south-west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 28, then north-west for about 45 chains to a point about 5 chains west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 35, then north-east for about 40 chains to the south-east corner of Survey No. 36, then north for about 57 chains till it meets the junction of two hallas, and then north-east for about 40 chains to the starting point.

(ix) The majre village of Ajarath in the Kere village is treated as an enclosure having the following boundary:—

Starting from a point about 10 chains north from the north-west corner of Survey No. 41 of Kere, the line runs south-east for about 25 chains as far as the east

side of Survey No. 43, then along the said east side for about 50 chains to the southernmost corner of Survey No. 43, then north for about 56 chains to a point on the right bank of the halla, and then north for about 12 chains to the starting point.

(x) The hamlet of Karacharu in the Kere village is treated as an enclosure with the following boundary:—

Starting from a point about 5 chains north from the north-west corner of Survey No. 35 of Kere, the line runs east for about 15 chains to a point on the north side of Survey No. 33, then along the said side for about 60 chains to its north-east corner, then along its east side for about 70 chains to the south-east corner of Survey No. 33. Its western boundary will begin from the south-west corner of Survey No. 33 and run north for about 55 chains to a point on the north side of Survey No. 33, and then north-east for about 22 chains to the starting point.

(xi) Survey Nos. 40 and 41 of Mudaba are clubbed together and treated as an enclosure and Survey No. 118 of Yedadalli is also treated as an enclosure with a margin of 5 chains all round, access being along a foot-path leading from Survey No. 195.

(xii) The raiyats of the following villages are permitted to graze their cattle in the reserve on payment of a lumpsum grazing fee noted against each of them, annually:—

				Rs.
1. Asanbalu	...	... Cattle	540	... 5
2. Masigi ..	...	... "	107	... 2
3. Kigga ...	...	... "	848	... 8
4. Balikadi	...	... "	271	... 5
5. Kere ...	...	... "	214	... 6

(xiii) The raiyats of the undermentioned villages are entitled to remove from the reserve for each family, per annum, waté, cane and the creeper called "beelu" to the extent noted against each of them:—

1. Asanbalu	...	... Cane 4 head loads	...	Waté 4 head loads
2. Masigi	...	... " 2	...	" 4
3. Kigga	...	... " 10	...	" 10
		and 2 head loads of beelu for each acre of land under cultivation.		
4. Kigga temple	...	... Cane 150 head loads...	...	Waté 100 head loads
5. Hamlets of Kere situated within the Reserve	...	Waté 4	...	and Cane 4

No. E. 8516—L. R. 16-15-17, dated 8th March 1916.

Under Section 7 (a) of the Tank Panchayat Regulation, 1911, a Panchayat consisting of the following members is constituted for the Honnudike and Anapanahalli villages commanded by the Honnudike tank in the Tumkur Taluk:—

1. Mr. Andanigowda, patel, Honnudike, Chairman.
2. " Venkatakrishnaiya, shanbhog, Honnudike.
3. " Muddegowda, patel, Anapanahalli.
4. " Govindaiya, shanbhog do
5. " Yejaman Honnasettappa, Honnudike.
6. " Puttasamaiya do
7. " Nanjappa do

No. Fl. 4182—S. R. 94-14-1, dated 28th February 1916.

Some difficulties having arisen in the working of the rules contained in Government Order No. 2074-83—R. F. 166-92, dated the 2nd August 1901, regarding the settlement of Inamdars' claims to the excise revenue from toddy of their villages during the tree-tax period, it is proposed to revise them as indicated below and to apply the modified rules for dealing with all cases during the tree-tax period.

(1) To substitute the following Rules for Rules 9 to 15 :—

9 (i) The proprietor of an alienated village who is entitled to excise revenue from toddy shall get only the *revenue actually accruing in his village*, whether in the shape of rent for the shop or shops situated therein, or the tree-tax on the trees tapped in his village (irrespective of the location of the shop for which they are tapped) or both, *minus* the local cess thereon and establishment charges at 6 per cent of the revenue or such other rate as may be fixed from time to time.

(ii) The shop rent payable under the foregoing rule from 1915-16, onwards shall be the amount realised as such in any year subject to the condition that it shall not exceed at any time the average realization from this item in respect of the particular Inam shop during the three official years preceding 1915-16.

(iii) Similarly the tree-tax from 1915-16, onwards shall be calculated at the marginally noted rates on the number of trees actually tapped within the limits of the Inam village during each year subject to the condition that if the rate is reduced by Government at any future date, payment shall be made only at such reduced rate for the time being.

Date	Ra.	a.	p.
Cocoanut	1	8	0
Palmyra	2	6	0
Basani	1	12	0
	2	0	0

(2) To read for "reasonable.....above" in existing Rule 24 "compensation equal to 20 times the average annual amount actually paid in respect of that shop during the preceding three years." This will apply only to cases in which shops belonging to or situated in alienated villages are closed *permanently*.

(3) To substitute for Rule 25 the following :—

"Whenever an Inamdar entitled to excise revenue from toddy is willing to compound his right to shop rent, Government will be prepared to sanction an immediate payment of 20 times the average annual amount actually received by him in respect of that shop during the preceding three years."

2. Before finally passing the modifications, Government will be glad to receive within a period of three months from this date the views and suggestions, if any, of the public thereon.

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD.

No. 6420—Ml. 24-15-63, dated 1st March 1916.

Under Section 18 (1) of the City of Mysore Improvement Regulation, III of 1903, it is hereby declared that the properties detailed in the annexed schedule are required for a public purpose, *i.e.*, for further improvement of No. III Drainage Area (Part II), Mysore City. The estimate for the acquisition of the said properties has been sanctioned in Government Proceedings No. 6418-9—Ml. 24-15-62, dated 1st March 1916 :—

Serial No.	Plan No.	Door No.	Name	Particulars of the property	Extent in aco		Area in sq. yds.	Boundaries			
					East and west	North and south		East	West	North	South
1	1/288 Part	...	Shamlal	Land with structure.	21	10	23½	Block 45. Road	Obaiya's house. Trust land.	Own house	Rachaiya's house.
2	231 Part	...	Obaiya	Land, etc.	16	5	8½	Shamlal's property.	Obaiya's property.	Shamlal's property.	Own property.
3	282	...	Thiappaiya	Land with structure.	14	12	18½	Obaiya's property.	Open land	Obaiya's property.	Road.

No. 6423—*Ml.* 47-15-53, dated 1st March 1916.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the lands described hereunder are required for a public purpose, *viz.*, for opening out a conservancy lane in Kunchigarpet, II Division of the Bangalore City and under Sections 7 and 8 (c) of the said Regulation, the Senior Vice-President of the Bangalore City Municipal Council, is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said lands:—

District	City	Division	Street	Names of khatedars or owners	M. No.	Description	Total extent	Extent now required		Boundaries							
								Extent	Area	East	West	North	South				
Bangalore	Bangalore	II Division	Killary road	Govindappa	26	Mud roofed building.	3600	Length in feet.	Breadth in feet.	87½ sq. ft.	Lane	His own house	Lane	His own house.			
						14		6½+6									
						14		4½+3½									
						47		6½+3½									
				Muthanna	26	Vacant	253	8	7½	335 sq. ft.	Do	His own house	Do	Do	Do	Do	
						Mangalore tiled shed.		19	R. ft.	60 sq. ft.							
						Compound wall		31½	6½+2½	141 7/8 sq. ft.	Govindappa's house and lane.	Giddappa's property.	Do	Do			
						Vacant		...	R. ft. 22	43 8/7 sq. ft.	Muthanna's house and lane.	His own house	Do	His own property.			
				Giddappa	27	Compound wall	186½	64	6½+7	145 sq. ft.							
						Mud roofed building.		20	8+6½								
						Vacant		...	R. ft. 21½	138 sq. ft.	Maniswamappa's house.	Dasappa's land	Maniswamappa's property.	Lane.			
						Compound wall		18	11½	138 sq. ft.							
				Do	28	Mud roofed building.	164	19	11½	296 5/7 sq. ft.	His own property	His own land	Lane and Kanchappa's house.	Giddappa's house.			
						Vacant		...	12½								
Maniswamappa	29	Do	61	23½	12½												
		Compound wall		...	R. ft. 9½												

Remarks.—Sketch showing the properties to be acquired may be inspected in the City Municipal Office, Bangalore.

No. 6567—*ML. 24-15-70, dated 7th March 1916.*

Under Section 18 (1) of the City Improvement Regulation, III of 1908, it is hereby declared that the lands detailed in the annexed schedule and situated in the Dodkere tank bed, Mysore City, are required for a public purpose, *i.e.*, for the further improvement of Ittigegund, Mysore. The estimate for the acquisition of the said lands has been sanctioned in Government Proceedings No. 6564-6—*ML. 24-15-69, dated 7th March 1916.*

Serial No.	Taluk	Village	Survey No.	Name of Khatedar	Name of present owners	Description of land	Extent	Boundaries			
								East	West	North	South
1	Mysore	Mysore	491	Agesara Dodda Putta and Chikka Putta	Chikka Putta	Garden land	A. E. 0 6	Survey Nos. 495	Survey Nos. 491	Survey Nos. 492	Survey Nos. 496
2			495	Gollar Narasimhaia	Narasimhaia alias Durta	Do	0 21	Voni	491	492	496
3			496	Gollar Narasimhaia	Do	Do	0 19	Do	491	495	496
4			494	Gollar Narasimhaia	Subbanna	Dry land	1 18	496	Voni	Race Course road	Doddakere
5			497	Vakkaligar Marva	Vakkaligar Marva	Garden land, etc.	0 7	496	Voni	494	497
6	Mysore	Mysore	497	Dafadar Hutobaiya	Hutobaiya	Do	0 5	496	Voni	494	Doddakere
7			498	Vakkaligar Kempa	Kempa	Do	0 6	496	494 and 497	Race Course road	Doddakere
8			499	Puttaswami alias Ramaswami Hachaiya	Do	Do	1 2	499	494 and 497	Do	Doddakere

N.B.—The plan of the said properties may be inspected at the Office of the Chairman, Mysore City Improvement Trust Board.

No. 6574—M. 154-15-21, dated 7th March 1916.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the lands described hereunder are required for a public purpose, viz., extending the Tumkur Town near the High School, Tumkur, and under Sections 7 and 8 (c) of the said Regulation, the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said lands:—

District	Taluk	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Survey No.	Dry, wet or garden	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Extent now required		Boundaries			
									Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
Tumkur	Tumkur	Tumkur Town Municipality	Mr. Hema Hanumanthaiya	67	Dry and garden	5 14	A. 0 6	A. 5 8	Rs. 12	Rs. 2 1/2	Portion of Survey No. 67, Sethihalli road	Sethihalli road	Survey No. 66	Sethihalli road.
			Do	68	Dry	0 14	0 6	0 14	0 14	0 14	Sethihalli road	High School land	Sethihalli road	Survey No. 69.
			Rangadasi & Kampa	69	Do	6 17	0 14	6 17	0 14	0 14	Do	Do	Survey No. 68	Survey No. 69.
			Rang and Mariya	80	Do	4 0	0 2	3 38	1 20	1 20	Do	Portion of Survey No. 80.	Survey No. 69	Survey No. 79.
			Mayamma	79	Do	9 13	0 14	9 16	0 16	0 16	Do	Portion of Survey No. 79.	Survey No. 80	Portion of Survey No. 79.
			Mr. Karnik Nallappa	71	Do	15 7	0 5	15 2	112 23 1/2	112 23 1/2	Survey No. 73	Survey Nos. 69, 80, 79, 78 and 77.	Survey No. 70 and 75 and Sethihalli road.	Survey Nos. 78 and 72.
			Do	76	Do	2 32	0 14	2 32	2 32	2 32	Survey No. 53	Sethihalli road	Survey No. 58	Survey No. 74.
			Do	66	Do	5 14	0 14	5 14	0 80	0 80	Portion of Survey No. 66.	Portion of Survey No. 55	Portion of Survey No. 56	Sethihalli road.
			Syed Mahomed Bakari	81	Do	7 10	0 14	7 10	0 14 1/2	0 14 1/2	Portion of Survey Nos. 79 and 81.	Survey No. 82 and Western Mission compound.	Remainder portion of Survey No. 81 and High School land.	Portion of Survey No. 81.
			Ranga and Sidda	83	Do	1 7	0 14	1 7	0 2 1/2	0 2 1/2	Survey No. 81	Survey No. 83	Portion of Survey No. 83.	Portion of Survey No. 83.
			Wesleyan Mission	85	Do	3 26	0 14	3 30	0 18	0 18	Survey No. 83	Survey No. 84	Portion of Survey No. 83.	Portion of Survey No. 83.

* Garden 1—39 not acquired.

† The remaining portion has been taken over for the High School.

‡ Out of this, 2—105 have been given to Garadi Chikkamannaiah.

No. 6518—*MI. 7-15-18, dated 6th March 1916.*

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and the rules framed thereunder the following gentlemen and officers are elected or appointed to be the Councillors of the Davangere Municipal Council with effect from the 23rd April 1916:—

I. Elected under Section 10, clause (1) (a).

1. Mr. T. Onkarappa.
2. „ C. Narain Chetti.

II. Appointed under Section 10, clause (2).

3. Mr. T. Brahmappa.
4. „ M. Shadaksharappa bin Bhadrappa.
5. „ R. Virupanna.

III. Appointed under Section 10, clause (1) (b) (i).

6. Mr. K. Venkatagiri Rau.
7. „ T. Shadaksharappa bin Siddappa.
8. „ C. Virupakshappa.
9. „ Gows Miya Sahab.
10. „ Orekonde Chennabasappa.

IV. Appointed under Section 10, clause (1) (b) (ii).

11. The Assistant Commissioner, Davangere Sub-Division, President.
12. The Amildar, Davangere Taluk, Vice-President.
13. The Medical Officer, in charge of Local Fund Dispensary, Davangere.
14. The Sub-Division Officer, D. P. W. Sub-Division, Davangere.
15. The Sub-Registrar, Davangere.

No. 6581—*MI. 47-15-56, dated 7th March 1916.*

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the lands described hereunder are required for a public purpose, *viz.*, building a Dispensary and a School at Seshadripuram, and under Sections 7 and 3 (c) of the said Regulation, the Senior Vice-President of the Bangalore City Municipal Council is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said lands:—

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatodars or owners	Survey No.	Dry, wet or garden	Total extent		Kharab	Remaining extent	Extent now required		Boundaries			
							A. s.	A. g.			Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
Bangalore	Bangalore	Bangalore	Hannanthapur	Resaldar Gulam Dastagir Sab.	37	Garden	1 39	0 16	1 23	1 39	...	...	Malvalli Giriappa's garden	Subedar Chattram road margin, Anjaneyaswami temple pond and Nagappa's houses	Nagappa's houses	Malvalli Giriappa's chattram
				Raghupattiah	45	...	0 24	0 24	...	0 24	...	...	Subedar's Chattram road	Survey No. 46 belonging to Koti Muniya	Survey No. 44 of Ramiah	Survey No. 43 belonging to
				Boranna	43	...	1 23	0 4	...	0 4	...	...	Do	Survey No. 47 belonging to Kambiah	Survey No. 45 and 46 belonging to Raghupattiah and Koti Muniya	Borannah Bungalow belonging to Abdul Rahiman

REMARKS.—Sketch showing these properties may be inspected at the Bangalore City Municipal Office.

By Order,
V. R. THYAGARAJA IYER,
Secretary to Government,
Revenue Department.